Num. 4048

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Monday, September 22, 1746.

Since our laſt arrived a Holland Mail.

From the London Gazette, Sept. 16.

Munich, Sept. 12. N. S.

WE have received the following Liſt of Spaniſh and French Priſoners taken in different Poſts by the Auſtrian Army in Italy, from the Opening of the preſent Campaign to the 22d of Auguſt, excluſively of thoſe who have been taken in foraging, upon the March, and in other ſmall Detachments.

5240 at Aſti.
97 at the Caſtle of Quart.
100 at Caſtel Alfieri.
900 at Alexandrie.
250 at Mount Calve.
260 at Cazal.
120 at Breme.
2113 at Guaſtalla, at the Bridge of Bachanel, and St. Ignau de Cortone, as far as the 1ſt of April.
25 at Codogno.
15 at Lodi.
45 at Milan.
924 in the Citadel of Parma.
291 in the Town of Parma.
200 at the Caſtle of Rivalte.
700 at Orſolengo near Placentia.
5097 at the Battle of Placentia.
40 at our Lady of Mount Corton.
1300 at the Battle of Tidone.
6000 at the Taking of Placentia, excluſively of the Priſoners that were already there upon their Parole of Honour.
100 at Pont Curon.
497 at the Caſtle of Rivalte near Tortone.
241 in the Town of Serravelle.
250 at the Caſtle of Serravelle.

24785 Total. N. B. In this Number there are 1200 Officers.

Velt Marſhal Prince Lobkowitz paſſed through this Town two Days ago in his Way to Vienna. Two Auſtrian Regiments of Foot, and one of Horſe, Part of thoſe who lately compoſed the Camp at Hailbron, are ordered for Italy, and the reſt for the Briſgow. The above mentioned Prince Lobkowitz, the Prince de Salm, and Count Colloredo, who had Commands in that Corps, have Leave to diſpoſe of their Equipages. The Elector our Sovereign will return to this Capital from Dreſden on the 15th inſtant. The ſecond Diviſion of that Body of our Troops yielded to the Maritime Powers, is arrived at Donawert, and the third Diviſion is in full March for the ſame Place.

Maeſtricht, Sept. 17. The Day before Yeſterday the advanced Poſts of the Light Troops and of ſome Free Companies of the Allies, were attacked on this Side of the Maeze, oppoſite to Viſet, by a large French Detachment, which put our People immediately into Confuſion, and diſperſed them. We have upwards of 40 killed, and ſome Priſoners. It is the firſt Diſadvantage we have had of the like Nature during this Campaign. This Morning at 8 our Army decamped from this City, and marched towards the French; the Right Wing is to extend itſelf as far as Tongres, where the Left Wing of the French is encamped.

Hague, Sept. 20. The Reduction of the Town of Genoa is now confirmed by all the Letters from Paris, and ſeems to be a total Conqueſt not only of the Capital, into which Count Brown is ſaid to have entred on the 8th inſtant, but of the whole Territory of that Republick, whoſe Senate was preparing to ſend a ſolemn Deputation, compoſed, according to ſome Letters, of its Doge, and 6 principal Senators, to Vienna. The Remains of the French and Spaniſh Army are ſaid, by the ſame Paris Letters, to have gained Ventimiglia, and the Infant Don Philip even Nice, in their Retreat, or rather Flight, towards the Frontiers of France. All the Advices we have here from our Army in this Neighbourhood is, that on the 17th inſtant it made a Motion towards the Jaiſe, and puſhed its Right Wing within a ſmall Diſtance of Tongres, where M. Saxe had one of the Extremities of his Army. It is now certain that the Siege of Namur began the 11th inſtant, and is puſhed on with the greateſt Vigour by the French, who are ſaid to have already made themſelves Maſters of ſome Out-Poſt. The Council of State has granted to the Auſtrians Waggons for the Tranſportation of their Forage from Boſleduc to the Army. The three Engliſh Regiments remained on Saturday laſt in their Cantonment at Willemſtadt.

From Wye's Letter, London, Sept. 16.

Letters from Maeſtricht adviſe, that the Allied Army, in croſſing the Maeze at Namur, had nothing elſe in view but what they have accompliſhed, which was to croſs the River again where they did, and get into their preſent Situation on the other Side of the French.

We expect by the next Mail Advice of a general Action in Flanders between the Allies and the French, provided the latter ſtood their Ground.

The Royal Regiment of Welſh Fuzileers quartered at Briſtol were to begin their March as Yeſterday from that City for Plymouth.

The ſecret Expedition is the Subject of Diſcourſe in al Converſations, and it is the general Opinion that th

13786

French will thereby be obliged to draw off a great part of their Troops from Flanders.

From the General Evening Poſt, Sept. 16.

Paris, Sept. 12. It is ſaid the Marquis de Mirepox has defeated a Body of 500 Piedmonteſe, who endeavoured to oppoſe his Junction with M. Maillebois.

LONDON, *Sept.* 16.

By private Letters received Yeſterday from Lonaken, near Maeſtricht, dated Sept. 16th N. S. we learn, that the Generals of the Allied Army had that Moment held a Council of War, wherein it was agreed to march early the next Morning, direct up to the French at Tongres, where the Center of the main Body of their Army, and M. Saxe's Head Quarters, then were, and attack them immediately, ſo that if the French ſtood their Ground, as they ſeemed determined to do by their not having called in any of their advanced Poſts, ſome of which were within three little Miles of our Army, a general Action muſt have happened on the 18th or 19th of Sept. N. S. at furtheſt.

And by Letters from the Hague we learn, that an Account was arrived there of General Brown's having entred the City of Genoa on the 7th of Sept. N. S. at Night, and planted Soldiers at all the Gates, in order to prevent any Money or valuable Effects being removed; that the Senate was in the greateſt Confuſion imaginable; and had ſent out Orders to all the Governors of the Fortreſſes, to deliver them up to the Imperial Troops, and that though the ſtricteſt Orders were given to prevent Plundering, yet it was found impoſſible to hinder the Soldiers from coming in for a little Booty.

From the London Evening Poſt, Sept. 16.

Petersburgh, Aug. 27. We have received Advice, that the Lord Mareſchal, of whom the publick Papers have often made mention upon Occaſion of the Preparations for the Embarkation at Dunkirk, arrived lately at Mittau, and propoſed to be here as ſoon as poſſible, with General Keith his Brother, who is gone to meet him. We are ignorant of the Motive of his Journey, tho' ſeveral People imagine that he deſigns to enter into the Service of this Court. He came into Ruſſia ſome Years ago with the ſame Intention. The coming of Lord Mareſchal has raiſed the Attention of Lord Hyndford, who a Day or two ago had a Conference on this Subject with the Miniſters of the Empreſs.

Vienna, Sept. 7. The Count de Canales, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Sardinia, has had a long Conference with the Auſtrian Miniſters of State, in order to ſettle the Conditions on which the Empreſs-Queen and his Sardinian Majeſty will determine to enter into an Accommodation with the Republick of Genoa. The two principal Articles which 'tis ſaid theſe Courts will inſiſt upon eſtabliſhing for a Baſis to an Accommodation, will be the Ceſſion of the Marquiſate of Final to the King of Sardinia, and that of the Diſtrict of Sarſana, which is to be re-united to the Grand Dutchy of Tuſcany, beſides a certain Sum which that Republick will be obliged to pay by way of Satisfaction to the Empreſs-Queen.

Dreſden, Sept. 11. Advice has been received from Conſtantinople, that the Perſians have cauſed a conſiderable Body of Troops to advance to Smyrna, which has occaſioned many Families to fly from Natolia to Conſtantinople, whilſt Thamas Kouli Kan himſelf, at the Head of his Grand Army, was marching in order to penetrate into the Ottoman Empire.

Verſailles, Sept. 11. A great Council has been lately held here, in which it has been reſolved to continue the War in Italy, and for that Purpoſe to ſend thither the neceſſary Reinforcements. An Expreſs is arrived here from Madrid, with Diſpatches from the Biſhop of Rennes, purporting, that his Catholick Majeſty has again declared, that he will not in any manner depart from the Engagements entered into by his late Father and the Moſt Chriſtian King, and that ſo far from having countermanded the Troops which were on their March for Italy, he had ſent Orders to haſten it.

Paris, Sept. 12. It is aſſured that the King has declared, that he will make good to the State of Genoa whatever Damages its Subjects may ſuffer by the Contributions which the Auſtrian or Piedmonteſe Troops may raiſe on them.

Bruſſels Sept. 15. An Officer arrived this Day from the Camp before Namur has reported, that the Beſieged Yeſterday had abandoned the Fort of St. Anthony, and that the Beſiegers had taken Poſſeſſion of it.

Louvain, Sept. 14 The French make Excurſions all along the Maeſe below Maeſtricht, and have diſpoſed of ſeveral Detachments in ſuch Manner as to cut off the Communication with Breda, and greatly interrupt that with Maeſtricht and Liege.

Maſtricht, Sept. 18. On the 15th, a Body of between 6 and 7000 French attacked a Poſt of the Allies near Viſet. The Independent Companies of the Duke of Cumberland and Prince Waldeck, and ſome Huſſars, who were there, making in all 6 or 700 Men, defended themſelves vigorouſly for four Hours, ſo that the Enemy were obliged to be reinforced to 10,000 Men, and could not have diſlodged the Allies, had it not been for their Artillery. This Handful of brave Men being at length overcome by the great Superiority of the Enemy, and reduced to a very inconſiderable Number by the Length and Obſtinacy of the Engagement, determined, rather than ſurrender, to throw themſelves into the Meuſe, and about 150 out of the two Independent Companies, got to the oppoſite Shore. The next Day General Trips had his Revenge, by diſlodging a Body of French from Tongres, and taking Poſt there himſelf, The French retired to St. Tron. All the Allied Army advanced this Morning in order of Battle, and without Baggage, towards that of Marſhal Saxe; but it is thought the latter will not wait for them, but retire behind the Mehaigne, till the Fate of Namur is decided.

Hague, Sept. 19. The moſt recent Advices from the Allied Army bring, that after having repaſſed the Maeſe on the 14th, it had made a Motion towards the Right, with a View of drawing near to Belſen, in order to ſecure the Communication with its Rear; that the Army of Marſhal Saxe extended as far as Tongres and Warem; that the two Armies on the 16th were only a League diſtant from one another, and that there frequently hap-

dvery sharp Skirmishes between Parties of each Army.

LONDON, *Sept.* 16

Letters from Paris of the 12th Instant, N. S. say, that was still given out that the Pretender's eldest Son late- arrived in France, but that he has not yet been seen in the Metropolis nor at Court; which they suppose may owing to his being sick at Blanckenbourg, the Port ere he landed.

It will be a Question worth considering, whenever the *Preliminaries* of a Peace come to be debated on, Whe- er it may not be for the *general Good of Europe* entirely *dissolve the Republick of Genoa*, and put ALL *its Domi-* ons into the Hands of the King of *Sardinia*, in order to engthen him against any future Attempts of the House *Bourbon* to disturb the Repose of *Italy*.——As most of *the noble Genoese* have Estates in the Kingdom of *Naples*, ey might then go and live upon them like *quiet Subjects* his *Neapolitan* Majesty.

The Progress of *Kouli Kan* towards the West seems to threaten an *Alarm* to *Christendom*; which would be in much greater Danger if the *Persian* and *Turkish* Empires were united under *one Mahometan Prince*, than it is at pre- ent from their *divided Powers*, which are now usually employed against *each other*.

This Morning Advice came, that his Majesty's Sloop he Albany, dispatch'd Express the 7th of July from Lou- sbourg to Admiral Watren at Boston, was taken in her Passage by a French Man of War.

The Merchants, from the Prospect of a Peace with pain, have sent great Quantities of Goods to Portugal, be ready for the Spanish Trade, so soon as that shall be mitted, and still greater Quantities are now preparing r that Purpose.

Bank Stock 135. India Stock 184 1 qr. South Sea ock 107 1 qr.

From the St. James's Evening Post, Sept. 16.

Breda, Sept. 4. *O. S.* The Secretary of the French mbassy arrived last Night in this City, and the Marquis e Puysieux is to follow as this Day. The British Em- assador is also expected, every thing being ready for his Reception; and several of his Domesticks, with other English, are here already.

Paris, Sept. 5. M. Seigneur, Commissary of War, appointed to regulate the Exchange and Ransom of Pri- oners between this Court and that of London, has Or- ders to demand that the Officers taken in Scotland should e therein comprehended, to the End that they may be ex- changed against the English who are Prisoners in France.

Antwerp, Sept. 8. According to the last Advices from the Siege of Namur, the Marquis de Grillon, at the Head of four Companies, Grenadiers, on the 15th in the Even- ing scaled the Half-Moon of Biwack, took 123 Prisoners, having only 14 Grenadiers wounded. The Fort of Bal- lart was also carried on the 16th Sword in Hand, by the Duke of Chaulnes, who made Prisoners, 1 Captain 1 Lieutenant, 1 Ensign, and 50 Men. In the mean time, the City is vigorously attacked in three Places at once.

LONDON, *Sept.* 16.

We hear, that the Committee at Guildhall, for carry- ing into Execution the Veteran's Scheme, have resolved to send all the Necessaries that remain undisposed of, to Scotland, to be distributed amongst the Troops that con- tinue there, under the Command of the Right Hon. the Earl of Albemarle.

And that they propose to make some Provision for the poor Widows and Orphans of such Officers and Sol- diers as had the Misfortune to be killed at Falkirk and Culloden.

On Saturday last two Men of War, with 15 Sail of Transports, having on board the Forces which are to join the Fleet under the Command of Admiral Lestock, sailed by Dover in their Way to Plymouth, where it is supposed they got on Sunday Evening, as the Wind con- tinued fair.

His Majesty's Sloop the Swift, Capt. Mackay, with the French Prisoners from Berwick, is arrived at Dover.

Last Friday died, advanced in Years, at Kensington, the Hon. Mary Countess Dowager of Cassels.

EDINBURGH, *September* 22.

Our latest Accounts from Carlisle bear, That about 70 Prisoners are already tried, among whom are Richard Morison Wigmaker, James Brand Watchmaker, and William Home, all found guilty.——Mr. Murray a Youth and Surgeon of this Place, James Drummond of Ouchterarder, and two English Boys, are acquitted.—— Sir Archibald Primrose of Dunnipace has pled guilty, and Robert Wright Writer has also pled guilty, and is to be recommended to his Majesty for Mercy.——Bills of Indictment have been found against Alexander David- son, Patrick Keir, and James Lorimer a Musician, who were carried off in the last Corps that went from this Place.——We have also Advice, that two of the Judges were to set out as To-morow for York to begin the Tri- als there, and that the other two Judges were to stay and conclude the Trials at Carlisle.

From Perth, that Capt. Crosby, who deserted from the British Troops in Flanders, was hanged there, and other two Deserters shot on Friday last; and that a Pri- soner brought out of Jail acted the Part of Executioner, the Ordinary of that Place having absconded, and the Hangman of Stirling having died on the Road thither.

On Thursday the Right Hon. the Earl of Albemarle re- turned from Stirling. The Result of the Court Martial on Major Wentworth for the Surrender of Fort Augu- stus is not yet known.

On Friday Night a Tenement, containing four Fami- lies, lying to the West of the Wrights Houses, acciden- tally took Fire, and was burnt to the Ground; the Lives of the Inhabitants were saved, but the Effects were en- tirely consumed.

John Hill Residenter in Dalkeith, imprisoned some time since for the Murder of Janet Adamson Coal-Bear- er, was on Saturday liberate, in Terms of the Statute ap- pointing the Prolecutor to insist within 60 Days.

Leith, Sept. 22. Arrived the Tod of and from Alloa, Anderson, with Wines.

Yesterday the Eltham Man of War sailed from the Road for London, having only under her Convoy the Lady Susanna of Kirkaldy, Lamont, with Coals. Sailed also the Patie of Leith, Kirkwood, for Burntisland and the Orkneys with Goods.

P. S. The Providence of Kinghorn, Tosh, was taken by a French Cutter near Blyth, and ransomed at 180 l.

This Day, the 19th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 4 o'clock, 18 M. Afternoon, at 4, 42 M. Tueſday, Forenoon, at 3, 6 M. Afternoon, at 3, 30 M. Wedneſday, Forenoon, at 3, 54 M. Afternoon, at 4, 18 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶ That upon the Night betwixt Friday the 29th and Saturday the 30th of Auguſt laſt, there was ſtole out of the Houſe of Gordonhall in Aberdeenſhire, belonging to Mr. Gordon of Wardhouſe, a SILVER TRACT-POT of an oval Shape, cheſſed about the Mouth and Lid, and would hold about three Mutchkins: If it is offered to Sale to any Perſon, Mr. Gordon expects they will detain it, and acquaint him; and any Perſons knowing where it can be recovered, are intreated to give Information thereof to the ſaid Mr. Gordon, or the Publiſher of this Paper, and upon the Recovery or Returning thereof, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, and no Queſtions asked.

¶ Whereas upon Friday the 19th curren', betwixt tee Hours of 10 and 12 at Night, Seventeen convict Felons, moſtly Engliſh and Iriſh,, on board the Mary Snow of and from London, John Johnſton Maſter, now lying in the Road of Leith, bound for MARYLAND, did break open the Hatches, and made themſelves Maſters of the Crew and Ship, robbed her of every thing belonging to the Maſter and Sailors, particularly their Body Cloaths, a good Number of Cotton and Silk Handkerchiefs, both India and Engliſh Make, alſo a Quantity of rib'd and plain Cotton Stockings and Worſted ones; after that hois'd the Boat and made their Eſcape to Wardie above Newhaven; they are ſuppoſed to have ſeparate, and moſt of them taken the Weſt Roads towards England or Ireland, their Names, Ages and Marks are hereto ſubjoined: Therefore, whoever ſhall apprehend any of theſe Felons, and bring them back to the ſaid Maſter, who is to be found at Mrs. Cameron's on the Shore of Leith, or at John Johnſton's in the Parliament-cloſe, Edinburgh, ſhall have a handſome Reward for their Pains, and all Expences paid.

John Coop, aged 18 Years, Pock-pitted, ſandy ſhort Hair.
Matthew Barrett, 34 Years, fair Complexion.
William Goodman, 32 Years, thin Viſage, black Hair.
John Carnagie, 21 Years, middle Stature, wearing a Wig, his own Hair turn'd up for the Front.
Joſeph Wilkieſon, 38 Years, 5 Foot 8 Inches, a buſhy Head of Hair.
John Jones, 50 Years, middle Stature, buſhy Hair.
William Broughton, 22 Years, 5 Foot 5 Inches high.
William Boun, ſtoop Shoulders, hook Noſe, thin Viſage.
William Doddington, 24 Years, Pock-pitted, thin Viſage.
John Finch, 25 Years, pale faced, thin Viſage.
Eliſha Williams, 35 Years, lately a Soldier, ruddy faced, 5 Foot 9 Inches.
James Sale, 24 Years, 5 Foot 2 Inches, ſwarthy complexion'd.
John Freeman, 23 Years, red Hair, three Letters in each Hand, and our Saviour on the right Arm.
John Dodiſon, 36 Years, 6 Foot high, buſhy Hair black and gray.
George Brown, 20 Years, 5 Foot high, pale Complexion, a Cut down his Noſe.
James Carter, 25 Years, 6 Foot high, fair Complexion, Swelling on his right Cheek.
Arnold Rogers, 40 Years, 5 Foot 8 Inches, ſwar Complexion.

To be SETT and entred to at Martinmas or Candlemas n

The HOUSE, OFFICE-HOUSES and GARDEN *MORNINGSIDE*, with ſeveral INCLOSURES, cont ing about 20 Acres of Ground, pleaſantly ſituated a M South-weſt from Edinburgh. Enquire for Particular the Houſe of Morningſide, or at Alexander Robert Writer to the Signet, at his Houſe within the Head of Fleſh-market Cloſe, Edinburgh.

To be preſently SETT jointly or ſeparately for a Term Years,

TWO FARMS belonging to his Grace the Duke Buccleuch, lying at Eaſt-park (alias Smeton) in the Pa of Muſſelburgh.

The arable Land to be entred to at Martinmas nex the Graſs and Dwelling-houſes at Whitſunday 1747.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of voluntary Roup, either Whole or Parcels as Purchaſers ſhall offer, upon Monda the 10th of November next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and in the Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh,

The LANDS and BARONY of *SAUCHIE*, with th Lands of *Little Sauchie*, and Teinds thereof, lying within the Pariſh of St. Ninian's and Shire of Stirling, and within two Miles of the Town of Stirling, holding partly Feu and Blanch, and partly Taxtward of the Crown, paying of yearly free Rent 8 Bolls of Meal, 12 Bolls of Bear, 3 Bolls 2 Firlots of Oats, 8 Bolls 2 Firlots of Malt, 4039 l. 2 s. 9 d. Scots of Money, 7 Veals, 11 Wedders, 16 Stones of Butter, 129 Capons, 227 Hens, 6 Poultry, 199 Loads of Peats, 308 Loads of Coals, 36 long Carriages, 33 ſhort ones, and 162 Days Dargs; and this beſides the Parks, which have always been in the Heritor's own Poſſeſſion, conſiſting of about 160 Acres of Ground, valued at 2000 Merks yearly all which are incloſed with a ſufficient Stone and Lime-dyke, and ſubdivided with Hedge-rows and Ditches. There is a double Pigeon houſe, with a very convenient lodgeable Houſe on the foreſaid Lands, and all Kinds of proper Office-houſes in good Repair, with a Garden of 4 Acres of Ground, ſurrounded with a Stone and Lime-wall 12 Feet high, beſides a vaſt deal of old Planting about the Houſe and Parks, and the Lands are very improveable, having great Quantities of Moſs and Muir belonging thereto, with an inexhauſtible Lime Quarry, which is the only workable one in that Country, and might, with a very ſmall Expence, yield a conſiderable yearly Profit, the Tenants paying the Third, and the Feuars the Fourth of all Lime that they ſell to the Heritor, free of any Charges, which, *communibus annis*, amounts to 500 Merks yearly. The Progreſs of Writs, with the Rental of the Lands and Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, and George Nicolſon Writer in Edinburgh; and a Copy of the Rental and Conditions in the Hands of Robert Leckie Writer in Stirling.

N. B. There is a large Wood on the foreſaid Lands, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, &c. and the Tenants pay the Ceſs and other publick Burdens, and, at the Expiry of each 19 Years, conſiderable Graſſums by way of Entry. If any Perſon inclines to make a Bargain before the Day of the Roup, they will be treated with by any of the above Perſons.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and ſold at the Printing-houſe in the Parliament-cloſe; where *Advertiſements* and *Subſcriptions* are taken in.